



Advanced Techniques of Localization: Application to 3G/4G Networks and Ray Tracing Tools

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- ✓ Expansion of demand on **location-based services** : localization persons (children, aged persons ...), emergency, armies, tracking, ... etc.
- ✓ Different levels of **accuracy** are required (100m for persons, <1m for emergency and army)
- ✓ Navigation based on GPS becomes inaccurate or impossible especially in urban canyons or even indoor environments, since the necessary amount of 4 directly visible satellites is not reached
- ✓ **UWB** : an emergent technology with high time precision = capability of ranging
- ✓ Co-existence of **heterogeneous RANs** : how to exploit this ?? !!
- ✓ Can position information improve the allocation of resources, the handover, the routing and MAC functionalities ?

- ✓ WHERE FP7 Project
- ✓ Localization algorithms
- ✓ Hybrid Data Fusion
- ✓ Tracking
- ✓ Cooperative techniques
- ✓ Fingerprinting
- ✓ Channel Modelling
- ✓ Ray tracing and Localization tools

Wireless Hybrid Enhanced Mobile Radio Estimator

EU FP7 ICT-217033 : 14 partners, Prime: DLR

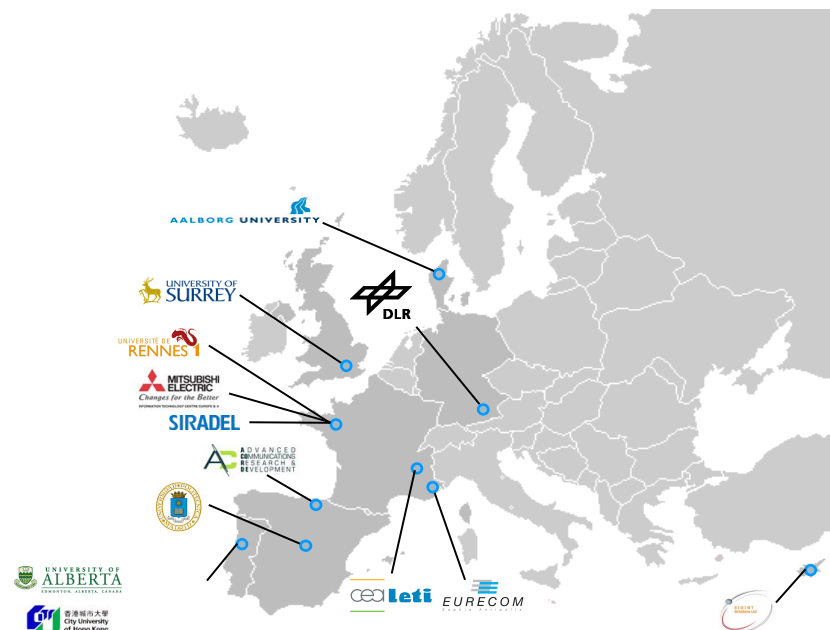
Duration: 30 Months (Jan 2008 – June 2010)

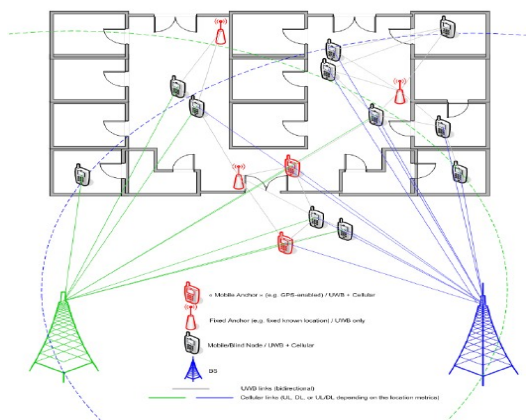
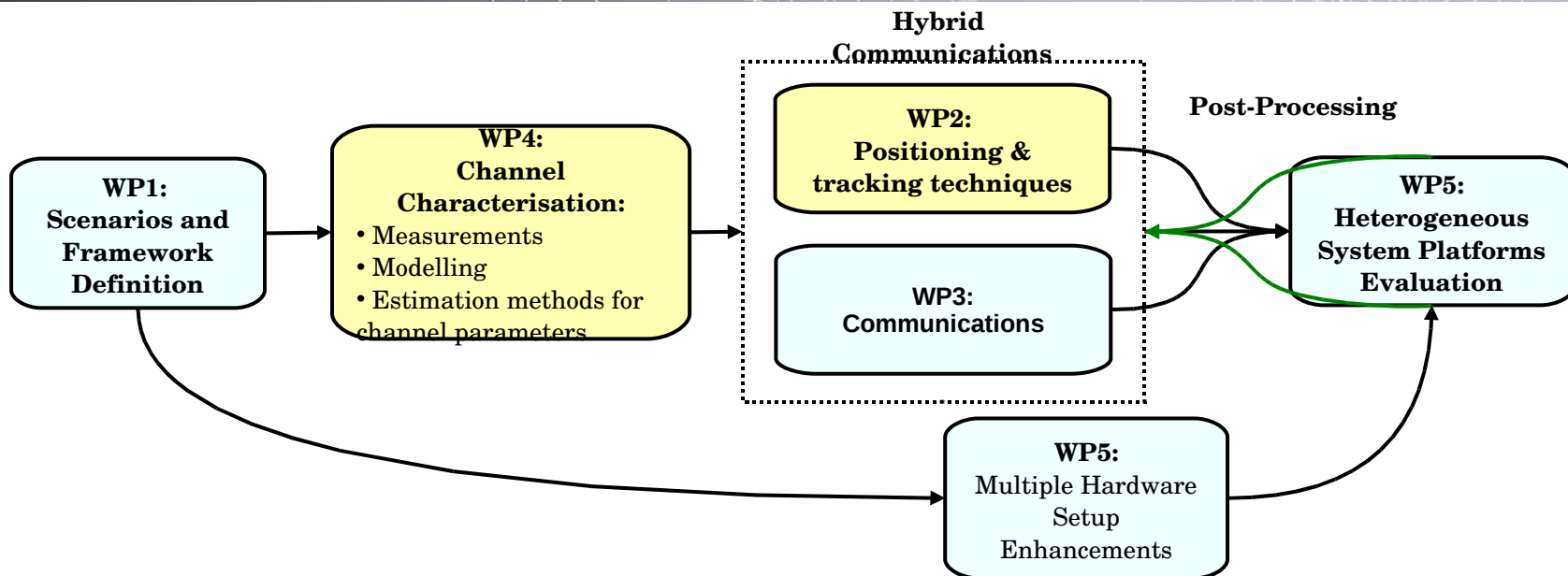
Project Budget: 5.7 Mio. €, EU Funding: 4 Mio. €

www.ict-where.eu

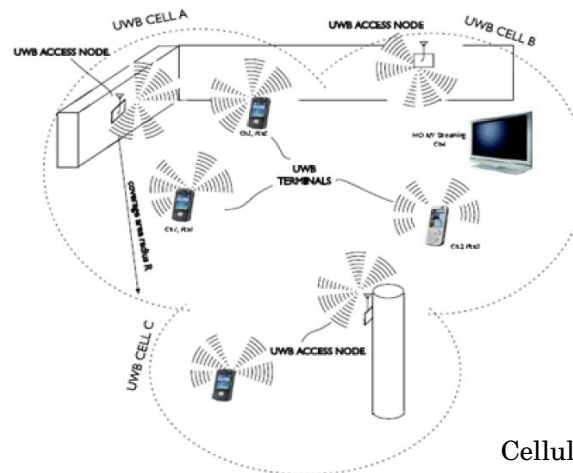
- ✓ Integration of communications and positioning
- ✓ Positioning with mobile radio communications and short range communications systems
- ✓ Improvement of radio communications systems by using position information
- ✓ Demonstration/Trials

The project WHERE aims to improve the efficiency of mobile communications systems by providing innovations for the integration of communication and positioning.





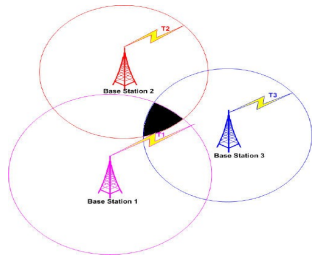
Cellular + UWB



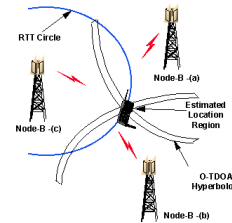
Cellular UWB (UCELLS)

- ✓ We assume that the terminal is able to obtain continuously an estimation of its position with the associated **position accuracy** (PA)
- ✓ The network seeks to globally minimize actions to achieve positioning.
- ✓ What (**type**, **amount**) of data is available in current context ?
 - ✓ With which precision ?
 - ✓ What PA can be achieved with this data ?
- ✓ Does an **additional** measurement may improve the current PA ?
- ✓ Need to list all possible set of homogeneous and heterogeneous combination of observable data leading to a finite set of solutions (1 or more)
- ✓ We focus on DF algorithms in both :
 - ✓ UWB networks
 - ✓ 3G/4G networks

One metric based techniques



Ranging: ToA, RSS

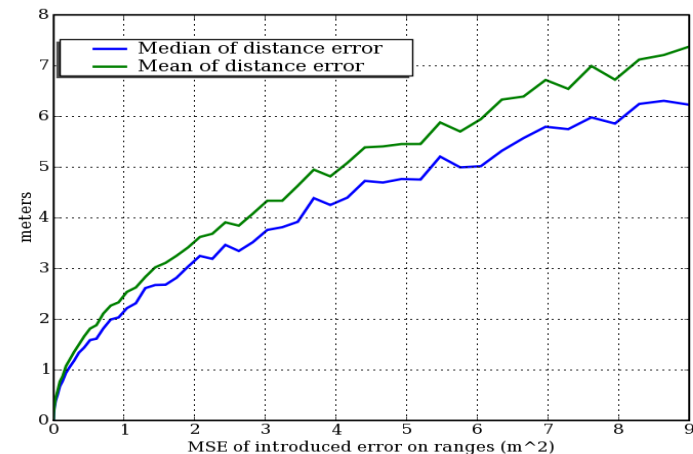


TDoA



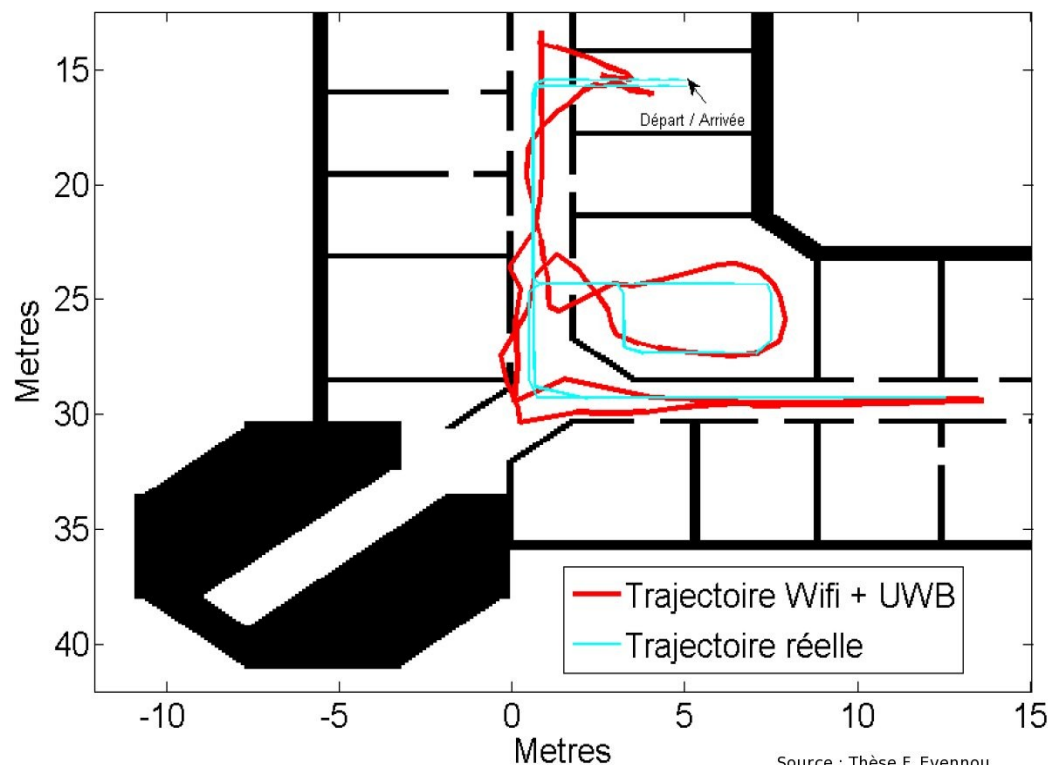
AoA

Hybrid Data Fusion consists in **combining** different simple metrics (ToA, TDoA, RSS, AoA) to obtain position. Thus, it achieves more accuracy in position location.



Evolution of PA as a function of MSE of range

- ✓ Many applications need to **follow** the movement of a user or a mobile.
- ✓ Many techniques will be studied respecting a **motion model**:
 - ✓ Kalman Filter, Extended K F
 - ✓ Particle Filter
 - ✓ Fingerprinting.

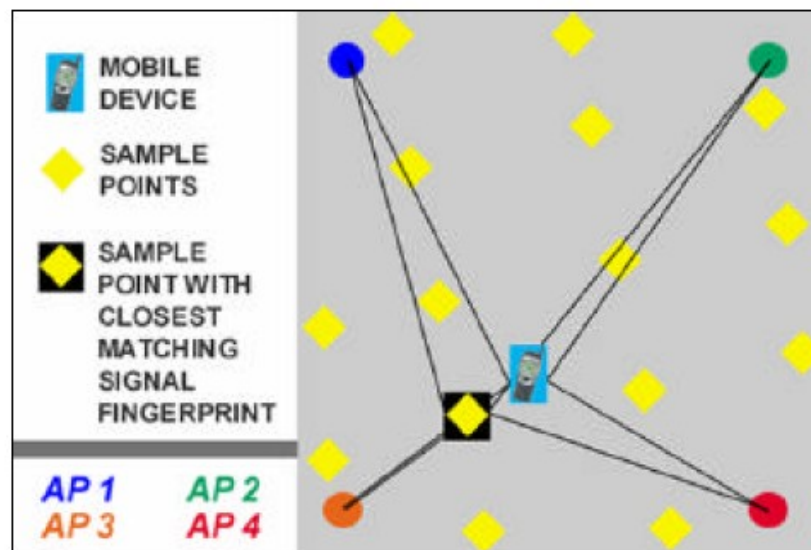


- 1- **Choose** reference points
- 2- Measurements or simulations in these points
- 3- Fingerprints databases

Off-line Phase

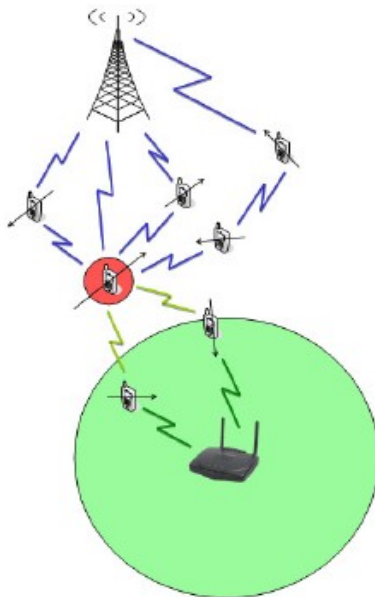
- 1- Measurement at assumed point
- 2- **Matching** measurement to databases
- 3- Positioning

On-line Phase

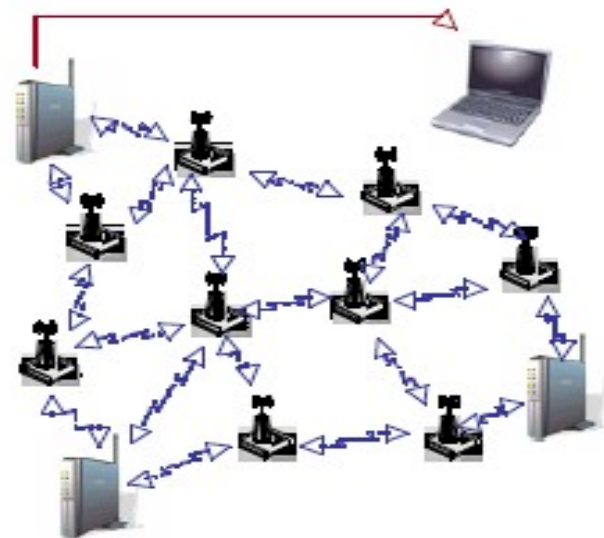


Cooperate to get position and using position information to cooperate

- ✓ Surrounding mobiles **know** and **provide** their position information (e.g. by broadcasting or by answering a 'ping')
- ✓ A less equipped mobile can receive this information via short range communication such as ZigBee or UWB
- ✓ **Exchange** positioning information through peer-2-peer communications links

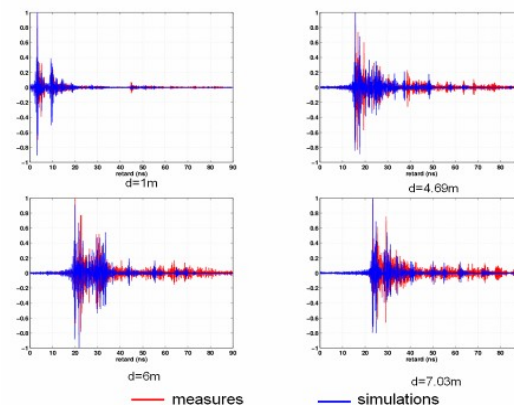
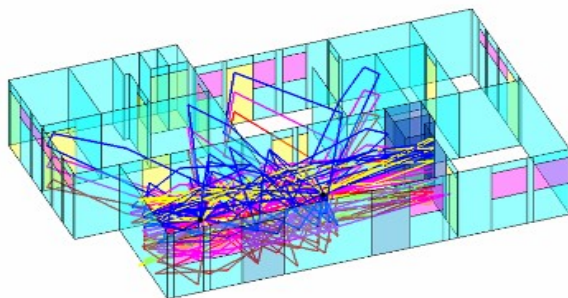


Relaying



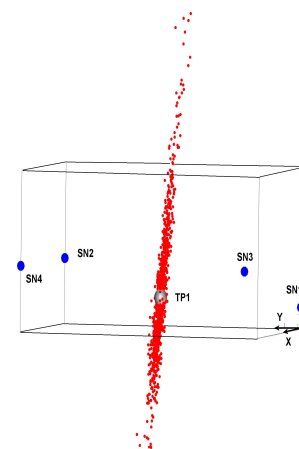
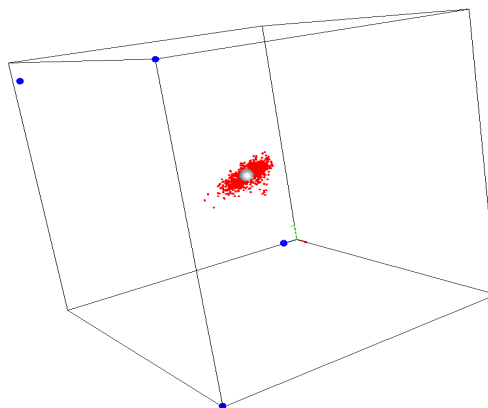
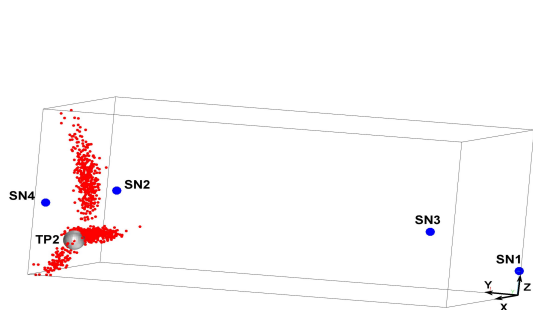
Cooperation

- ✓ To develop an **heterogeneous ray tracing tool** in Python language able to
 - ✓ Simulate and characterize 3G & 4G networks
 - ✓ Support MIMO channels and heterogeneous RANs
 - ✓ Yield Fingerprints databases
- ✓ To develop a **localization module** to be integrated on RT tool able to
 - ✓ Test different location algorithms (simple, hybrid)
 - ✓ Test tracking, fingerprinting, and cooperative algorithms
 - ✓ Show performances of these algorithms
- ✓ To perform some **measurements** in order to evaluate RT & Localization tool

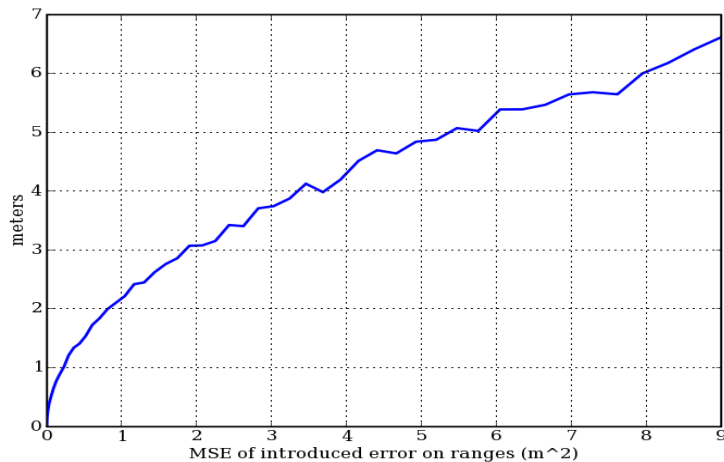


Once RT tool take off, we will be able to

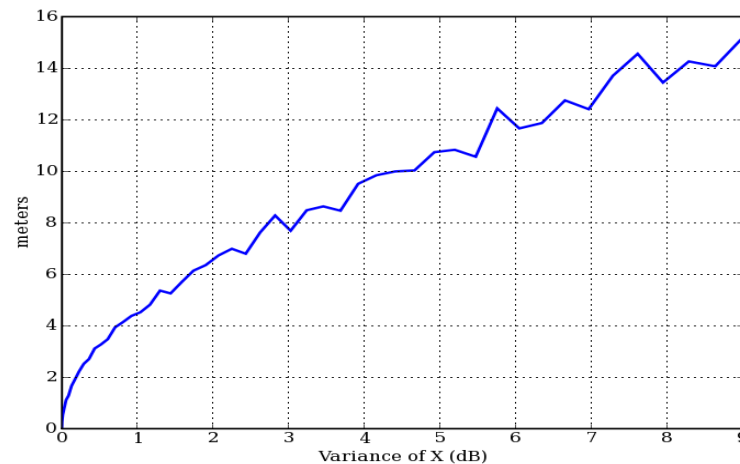
- ✓ Study the effect of **NLOS propagation** and **multipath** on the performances of studied algorithms.
 - ✓ Position Accuracy
 - ✓ CRB
- ✓ Using
 - ✓ More **realistic** description of channel and simulated environment
 - ✓ More **realistic** scenarios
 - ✓ Cross check between simulations and measurements



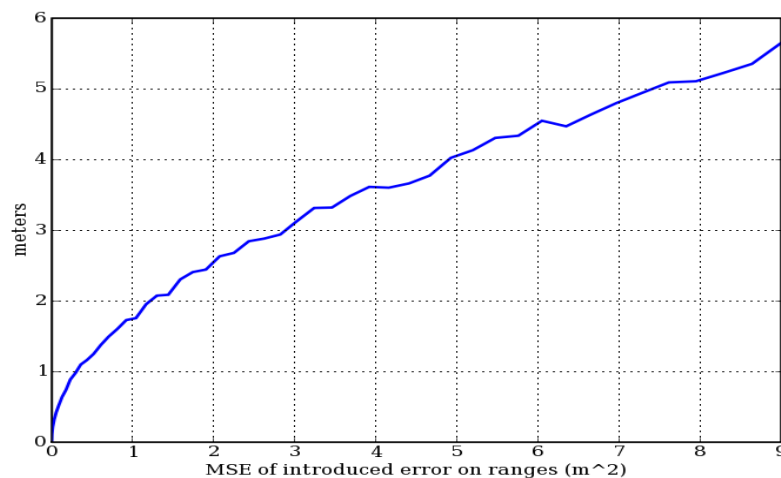
- ✓ 53 from 263 papers (20.1 %) in my bibliography store deal with localization in WSN !!
- ✓ How can we use WSN to improve localization ?
- ✓ What kind of information can be given by WSN and with which precision?
- ✓ How can positioning information affect WSN functionalities and power efficiency ?
- ✓ What about these couples of keywords :
 - ✓ WSN & Data Fusion
 - ✓ WSN & Cooperative techniques
 - ✓ WSN & Tracking ?



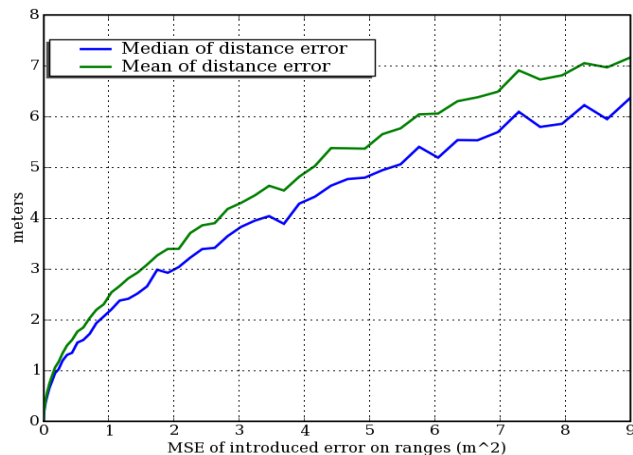
4 TOA



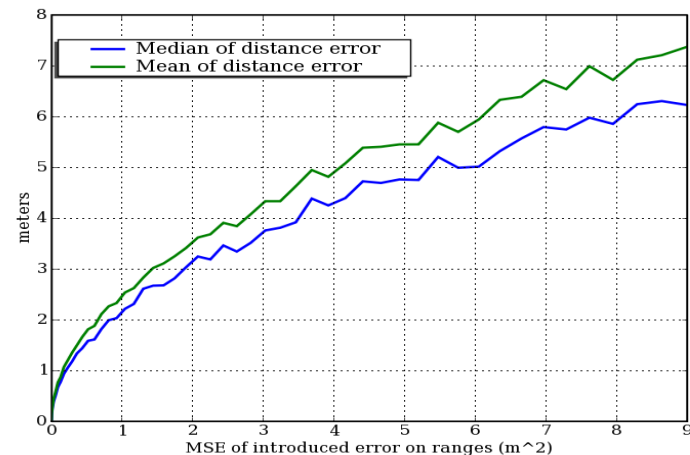
4 RSS



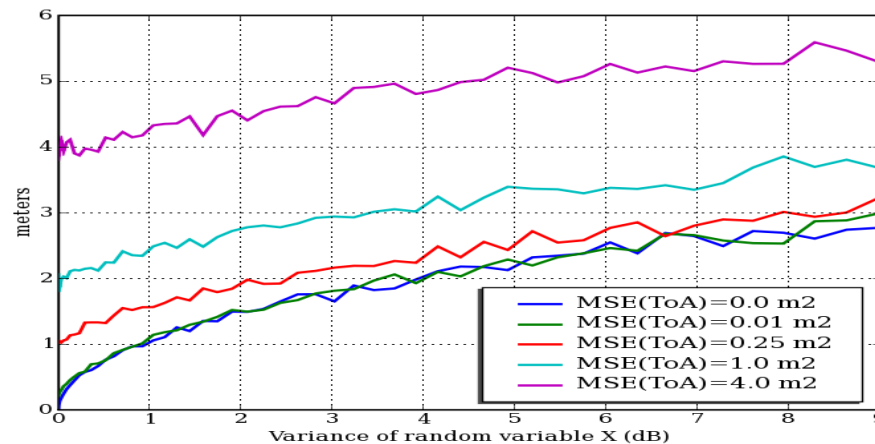
4 TDOA



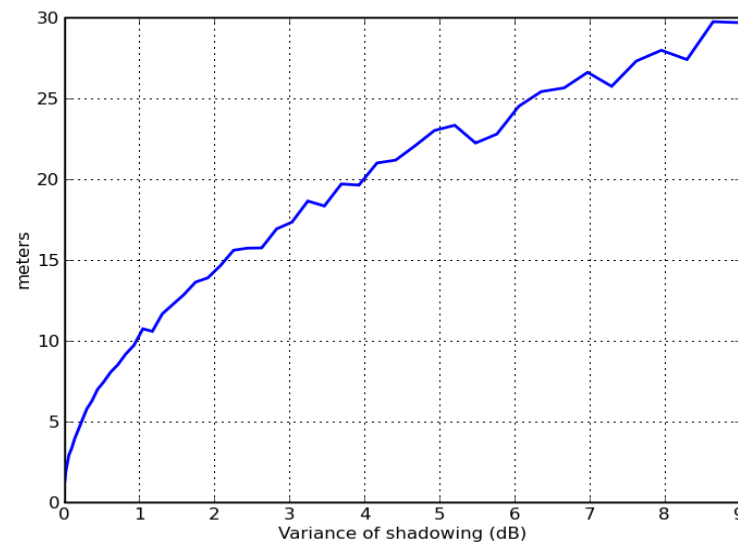
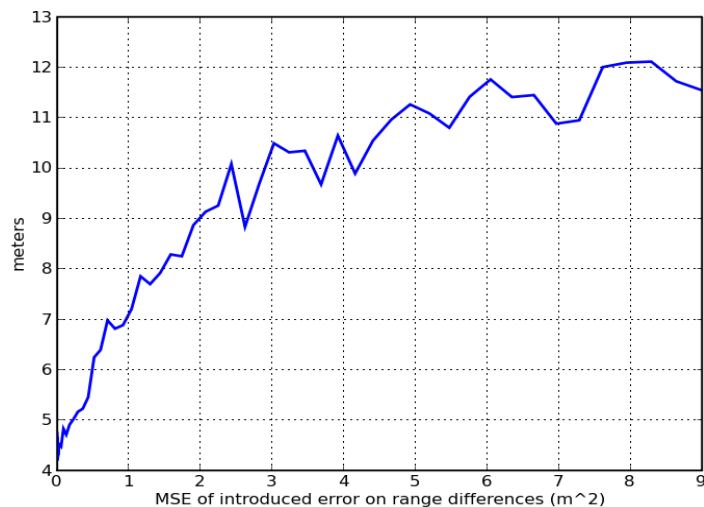
3 TDOA/ 1 TOA



3 TDOA/ 1 RSS



3 TOA/ 1 RSS



3 Cellular TDOA/ 2 UWB TOA

3 Cellular RSS/ 1 UWB TOA